



BLUE HORIZONS 2012

Striking Globally: Knowledge, Reach, and Power in the Age of Surprise



UNITED STATES AIR FORCE CENTER FOR STRATEGY AND TECHNOLOGY Meta-Strategy for the Age of Surprise

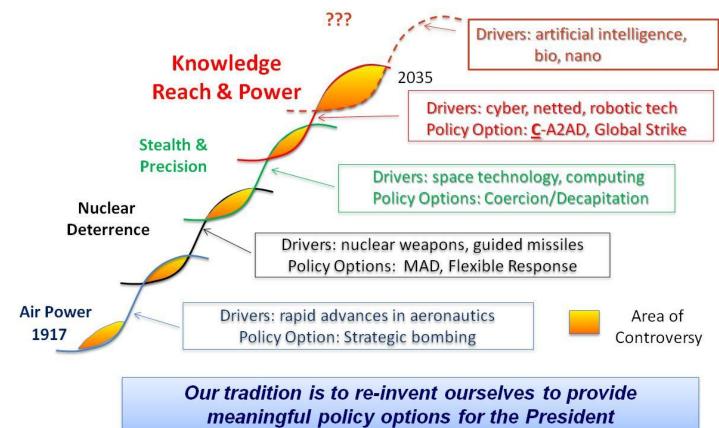
at The Air University

Cleared for Public Release

UNCLASSIFIED

The presentation has been reviewed for security and policy IAW AFI 35-102 CASE NUMBER: AETC-2013-0046 SUBJECT: Blue Horizons 2012: Striking Globally, Knowledge, Reach, and Power in the Age of Surprise (Slide Presentation)

USAF Tradition - Transforming to Meet Future Challenges



USAF is at a new inflection point, beyond stealth and precision

- Generation of <u>Knowledge</u> becomes an Air Force core function
 - Ability to sense improves, but threats multiply in type, number & severity
 - Finding is as important to deterrence as fighting in a chaotic world
- Air Force thinking on <u>Reach</u> evolves
 - Reach = maintain sensor and weapons density at range over time
 - Connectivity eclipses platforms in thinking; enables new CONOPS
- <u>Power</u> comes from new effects; nuclear weapons remain essential
 - Volumetric weapons return; weapons survivability becomes a concern
 - Defense is back; uncontested dominance ends; continuous competition



DATA	INFORMATION	AWARENESS	KNOWLEDGE
uncorrelated \rightarrow	correlated \rightarrow	fused information \rightarrow	actionable,
facts	data	with context	attributable
			awareness 3

Operational Assumptions for Our Study

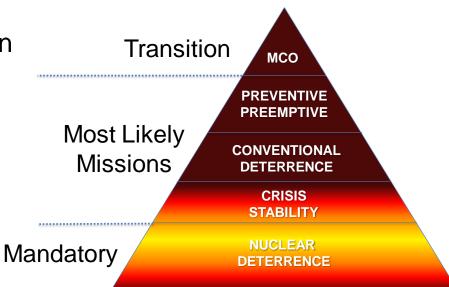
- 1. Precise positioning and timing are available without GPS
- 2. USAF purchases next-generation bomber (Top 3 AF priority in '12)
- 3. Kinetic global strike from space is not viable
- 4. Group/individual problem set is a lesser included case of the nationstate problem set
- 5. Line of sight communications can be degraded, but rarely wholly denied; impacts operations intermittently, backups required
- 6. US stealth advantage contested: stealth/counter stealth competition
- 7. In anti-access, missiles will always get through on both sides
- 8. The homeland is in range in an expanding number of scenarios
- 9. Expect operational surprises—no US corner on innovation

Global Strike Today

- A strategic attack directed by the NCA designed to deny or punish an adversary
- A tiered mission for nuclear, conventional, & virtual deterrence
- Used against states or groups/individuals
- Involves entire targeting process
- Requires elements of all 12 Air Force core functions to execute



Global Strike defines for Airmen what we are about in simple terms



Breaking News About 2035

Technologies are:

- leveling the playing field
- merging with synergistic impacts
- Geostrategic & technological competition return
- Absent ISR/PED, deterrence fails
- Counter-sensor battle results

 Internet of Things: 7 trillion devices by 2025—2035?



"Google Maps" + Ubiquitous Precision



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 Internet of Things: 7 trillion devices by 2025—2035?

Breaking News About 2035

Globalization dramatically reduced the multi-year, Cold-War-era US technology lead

A more "leveled," multi-player competition will be different:

- ISR/PED foundational to deterrence
- Speed-to-field is the next big race
- Innovation trumps doctrine and tradition
- Flexible architectures trump enterprises
- Build to either a throw-away standard or continuous upgrade standard

Breaking News About 2035

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Internet of Things: 31 billion devices by 2025—2035?

Becomes very difficult not to emit something... "going off the grid" is difficult to sustain Zero electromagnetic emissions in an array of others creates a hole that can be detected

Signal to noise problem—but of much greater dimensions

Three Schools on Global Strike

Prompt Strike	Standoff	Penetrating
 CONUS-based ICBMs, hypersonics & cyber Cheaper than defending forward Simpler: No A/R, military or diplomatic access Fixed target base; less capability vs. mobile or deeply buried; magazine limited 	 Air-breathing cruise or hypersonic missiles, cyber Saturate air defenses; cheaper than buying long- range strike Less capability vs. mobile or deeply buried; what happens when all missiles expended? 	 Stealth, standoff-support, hypersonics, cyber Better persistence with greater risk Reinforces extended deterrence; enables flexible deterrent options Can strike full range of targets
These schools	are differentiated by the	ir approach to time,

distance, target, platform, payload, purpose to deter or prevail

....But the Debate Transitions

		-					
	Comm	and, Control	, Integratio	n of Interdepe	/		
	Stage	Reach	Find	Opposed or Track	Permissive		
	Sustain Defend	& Access	8	&	Engage	Assess	
	2010110		Fix Dice, Data, T	Target	חר		
2012)			Emphasi		2035	
2012	<u>.</u>			Shifts		2000	
Engage				SIIIIts	▶ <u>Fi</u>	<mark>nd and</mark>	<u>Fix</u>
Platform	IS				<u> </u>	ateway	Architectures
Dogfight	ting				> Da	tafigh	ting
Platform	Mane	euvera	bility		▶ Mi	ssile N	aneuverability
Stealth			-				nic/Swarm
Precisio	n					lumeti	
High Ex	olosiv	е					<u>, Electronic</u>
Destroy						e Five	
OODAL	oop					DDA Po	
One Big	Base					sperse	d Operations

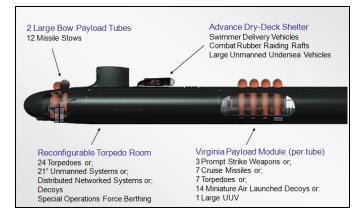


Constants: Global Strike Benefits from Joint Participation

- Virginia SSNs equipped with Virginia Payload Module connected to airborne networks could:
 - Strike with missiles or deploy air decoys
 - Launch UAVs (comm, ISR, strike)
 - Employ A/A missiles jointly with aircraft
- Towed Payload Module adds extra capacity
- SOF
 - Act as a sensor; method to gain electronic access
 - Deploy tags, unattended sensors, pocket JTACs



Health and marriage of stealths increasingly important to AirSea Battle



Constants: Nuclear Weapons Remain Essential for US Deterrence

- USAF should resist further reductions in nuclear weapons
 - Conventional deterrence may not be possible
- Options:
 - 1. US needs a "universal kill switch" short of nuclear exchange
 - A standing EMP capability is a must (others will have)
 - 2. Next USAF ICBM should be mobile
 - Improves US A2AD capabilities/signaling capability
 - Hedges against undersea detection
 - 3. A2AD threat requires a new, long-range cruise missile capability



US needs at least one of these capabilities to maintain nuclear deterrence capability and credibility

Posturing the USAF for Global Strike

Concepts

- Cross-service & domain intelligence and weapons integration
- Logistics systems that support dispersed operations
- Command for machine-based, decision-making environments

Execution

- Hallmark of success: fusing and using time-sensitive knowledge
- Always executing; datafighting & planning are continuous
- Increase emphasis on range in force mix



Posturing the USAF for Global Strike Investments (1)

- Develop, deploy, & maintain connected gateway architectures
- Cyber = knowledge generation, offense, defense
- Artificial intelligence, virtual assistants and intelligence augmentation to increase decision quality and speed
- PED: agile, resilient, self-forming, self-healing



Posturing the USAF for Global Strike Investments (2)

- Expand range & payload portfolio; use existing assets creatively
- Pursue low-cost production for quick-to-field, expendable systems
- Force enhancement to win stealth competition: swarms, offensive cyber, DE
- Develop a global training range to exercise Global Strike at scale
- Invest in dual-use airfield infrastructure to enable dispersion



Back-up Slides



2012		2035
Engage	\longrightarrow	Find and Fix
Platforms	\longrightarrow	Connectivity
Dogfighting	\longrightarrow	Datafighting
Platform Maneuverability	\longrightarrow	Missile Maneuverability
Stealth	\longrightarrow	Hypersonic/Swarm
Precision	\longrightarrow	Volumetric
High Explosive	\longrightarrow	Photonic, Electronic
Destroy	\longrightarrow	The Five Ds
OODALoop	\longrightarrow	OODA Point
One Big Base	\longrightarrow	Dispersed Operations

From Engage to Finding and Fixing

- Targets either dynamic or hardened; multiplying; attribution difficult
- Must find method to do ISR/PED at machine speeds direct to user
- Major game changers:



- Networked, distributed, full-spectrum arrays linked to weapons
- Integrating cyber as a major finding space; crawl & fuse with ISR information
- Small and covert sensors: unattended ground sensors, tags and pocket JTAC



Demonstrating you can find becomes as important to deterrence as showing you will strike

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From Platforms to Gateway Architectures

Space Sensors

Air, Land, Sea Sensors Vigilance

Cross-Cue

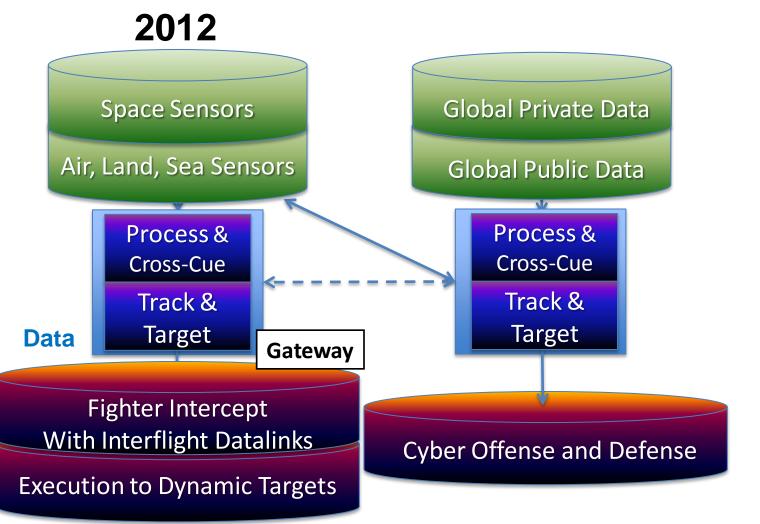
Track &

Target

Voice

Fighter Intercept With Onboard Systems

Execution to Preplanned Tgts







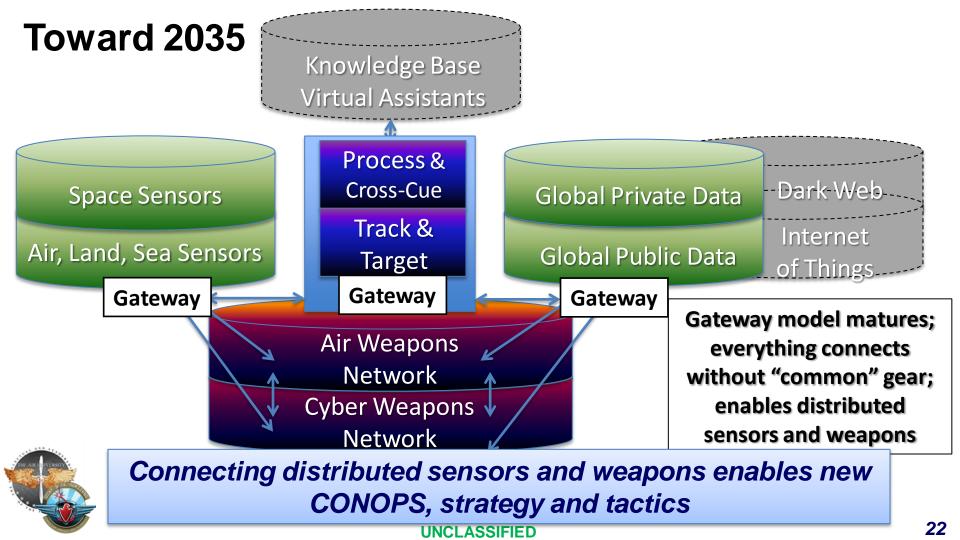
Two kinds of targets in 2035: hardened or dynamic "Find" task difficult for both; datafighting determines success

Knowledge for USAF Operations

Knowledge is	Knowledge <u>is not</u>
 A better understanding of real-time events 	 All the relevant data
 Able to deal with data that is false or contradictory 	 – 100% accurate
 A more rapid assessment of the strategic environment 	
 Globally connected, cross- cued, all domain, always on 	 Perfect understanding



"The ability to learn faster than your competition may be the only sustainable competitive advantage." Ari de Geus, Director for Strategic Planning, Shell Oil



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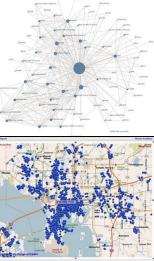
From Dogfighting to Datafighting

- Disruptive opportunity for USAF
 - Generating transparency through all-source data fusion
 - Major future weapons system, the CAOC of 2035
 - Holistic distribution: need to share vs. need to know, "data TPFDD" = data priority and paths
 - Resilient: a variety of connection paths, alternative networks
- But others will have this tech too
 - Impacts planning/stealth/defense



Whole of government challenge: technology moving much faster than strategy, policy & legal thinking





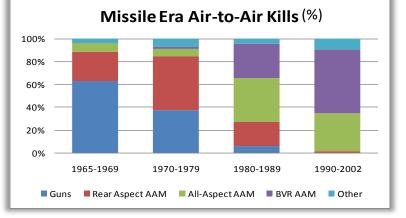
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From Platform to Missile Maneuverability

- Missiles getting smarter, more deadly
- Missile and the radar/sensor no longer required to be co-located
- Sensors/seekers become all band
- Can launch larger missiles from larger platforms, dramatically increasing engagement range



As sensor and weapon capability increase, platform performance less important—huge implications for CONOPs & force structure



Counter-Air Pickets with Sensors

> Larger Platform

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From Stealth to Hypersonic and Swarm

- Degree of stealth advantage may vary
- But penetrating strike still needed to hold hard and deeply buried targets at risk
- Needed: hypersonic, swarm, decoy & deception
 - Hypersonics provide survivable access & timely strike
 - Swarm overwhelms IADS, creates large apertures & multiaxis, multi-domain attacks
 - Countermeasures, decoy, deception: cyber or EW



Stealth is still essential, but its employment will increasingly depend on the generation of chaos







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- Precision: a focus of airpower since 1930s
- ...but future targets may be either too small, mobile, fleeting, or distributed to find & destroy precisely

From Precision to Volumetric



- ...in an economic way
- Cyber & RF-directed energy weapons = return to volumetric attacks
 - Area attacks against electronics: only sure way to achieve objectives?
 - Chem, Bio, Nano, RF, Cyber targets demand 3D, wide area effects



Precision may be defined more by effect & less by CEP with a wholly different understanding of collateral damage

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From High Explosive to Photonic and Electronic

- Explosives become more powerful in this period...
- But photonic and electronic weapons come of age
 - Near term challenge: Synchronizing with kinetic attacks; understanding capabilities & limitations
- Far term challenge: how to defend...
 - Sensors and eyeballs increasingly at risk
 - Target platforms AND weapons inflight using hit-tokill missiles or directed energy



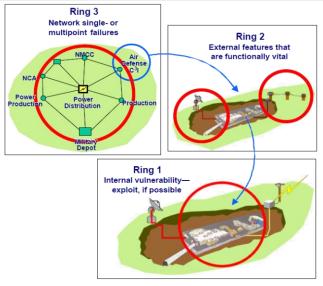




Expect a counter sensor battle; expect higher expenditure rates for weapons

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From Destroy to The Five Ds



- Time and timing much more important
 - Denial may provide same strategic impact as control
 - Disruption may achieve same effects as destruction
- Some targets cannot be destroyed
 - HDBT may require third-way attacks
- Impact of these attacks may be difficult to assess—no image confirmation

Burmeister, Regan E. Defense Threat Reduction Agency Briefing. DTRA Hard & Deeply Buried Target Defeat Test Program. Underground Facility Schoolhouse: August 19, 2011, slide 175

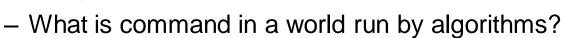


Tasks to degrade, disrupt, deny, delay, deceive become more common than tasks to destroy

2035
Find and Fix
Connectivity
Datafighting
Missile Maneuverability
Hypersonic/Swarm
Volumetric
Photonic, Electronic
The Five Ds
OODA Point
Dispersed Operations

From OODA Loop to OODA Point

- Global Strike C2 not designed for this future
- Time is shrinking, more important
 - All domain hider/finder competition
 - Decisions: machine speed, faster human, predelegation

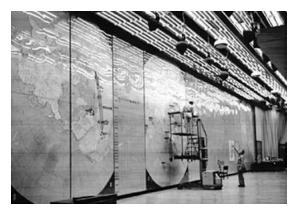


- Current debate on automated decision making will set a trajectory
 - What reliability standard is required for machine-made decisions?
 - What is the difference between man-made and machine-made mistakes?



Culture may drive the US in one direction; other nations may choose different directions, creating an asymmetry





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	\rightarrow	

From One Big Base to Dispersed Operations

- Tankers become more essential as find task becomes more difficult
- Stacking aircraft at forward bases may not be tenable as threat expands
- Options: defend, disperse, distance
 - Defend: Active defense cost imposing on US
 - Dispersal: Ramp space and logistics the issue
 - Distance: Requires large ramps to concentrate tankers & strike platforms





Moving tankers and strike platforms back requires more ramp space to support more aircraft to fly longer missions

In the Beginning...



SAC Mission Statement, 1946: "The Strategic Air Command will be prepared to conduct long-range offensive operations in any part of the world, either independently or in co-operation with land and naval forces; to conduct maximum-range

reconnaissance over land or sea...; to provide combat units capable of intense and sustained combat operations employing the latest and most advanced weapons; to train units and personnel of the maintenance of the Strategic Forces in all parts of the world; to perform such special missions as the Commanding General Army Air forces may direct."

Gen Tooey Spaatz, March 1946 UNCLASSIFIED



This briefing is the 6th in a series of CSAF directed studies exploring the strategic environment for the Air Force in 2035...

... it is not a set of predictions nor a description of the future...

...it is a collection of fiscally unconstrained insights about what a variety of futures may produce technologically and strategically...

...and a set of ideas to refine the direction the AF to be most relevant and valuable to the nation



It is a briefing more about ideas than things – the risk we face in the future demands that we think differently

CSAF Study Direction for Blue Horizons, Academic Year 2012

"...leverage last year's technology study and investigate how the Air Force should posture itself with strategic and operationally relevant capabilities to strike globally, on demand and in any domain, in 2035."



OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF STAFF UNITED STATES AIR FORCE WARMINGTON DC 20320

SUBJECT: Invitation to Participate in the Blue Horizons Program for Academic Year 2012

regarding strategy and technology by assembling scene of the best minds in the Air Force to consider future warfighting in air, space, and cyberspace. In academic year 2010, we completed a four-year research cycle that identified future technologies, provided investment advice to the Quadrantial Defense Review and Program Objective Memorandam precesses, and examined

Congratulations on your selection to in-residence developmental education. This is a tremendous opportunity for you to devote yourself fully to critical and independent thought, and

Each year, the Blue Horizons program is tasked to address a difficult, long-term question

In 2011, Hise Horizons reset the four-year cycle, examining rapid changes in science to identify technologies that will pose the greatest threat as well as offer the most promise to our interests in 2015. For 2012, I have aixed Blote Horizons to leverage last year's technology study and investigate flow the Air Force should posture useff with emtegically and egentionally.

Your efforts can help us sharpen our understanding of the future and what the Air Force must do to meet the challenges of tomorrow. I encourage you to give serious consideration to

Chief of Staff

relevant capabilities to strike globally, on demand and in any domain, in 2035. This assessment will directly inform the compressionally-mandated Facure Capabilities Game and unide the Air

MEMORANDUM FOR AWC AND ACSC STUDENTS

to prepare for higher levels of responsibility.

necessary changes for the Air Force to prepare for 2030.

participating in this year's Blue Horizons program.

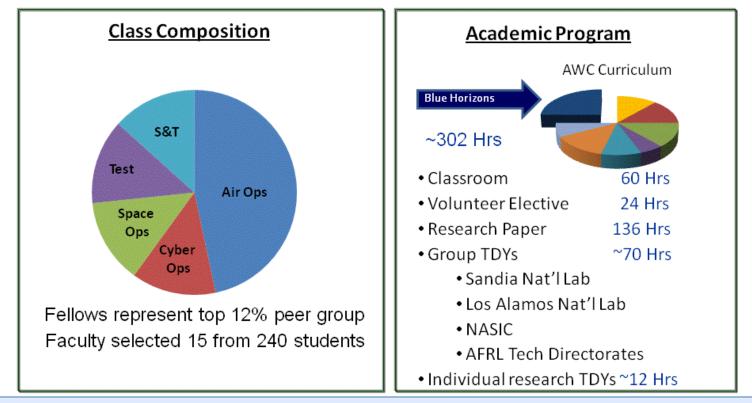
FROM: HQ USAF/CC 1670 Air Force Pentagon Washington, DC 20330-1670

Force's program submission.

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Blue Horizons Researchers





A Blue Suit study researching Blue Suit challenges

We Affirm and Clarify

- The essential attribute of Airpower is power projection
- "Global Strike" is a unique form of power projection
 - Requires sensor and weapons density at range over time
 - Essential for nuclear, conventional, and virtual deterrence
 - Includes elements of all Core Functions
 - Objective: finding and striking targets, whether physical or virtual, anywhere, any time, as soon as feasible
- Global Strike defines for Airmen what we are about in simple terms



After 20 years of tactical warfare, it is time to reinvigorate Airmen and Airpower thinking

Geostrategic Landscape Shifting; Deterrence Becomes More Complex

State Competition

- Competition intensifies in Pacific Rim, Indian Ocean, Arctic
- Mideast: resources and political instability
- Africa: resources, ungoverned spaces, expanding conflict
- South America: Brazil rises; potential foreign power proxies

Military Realities

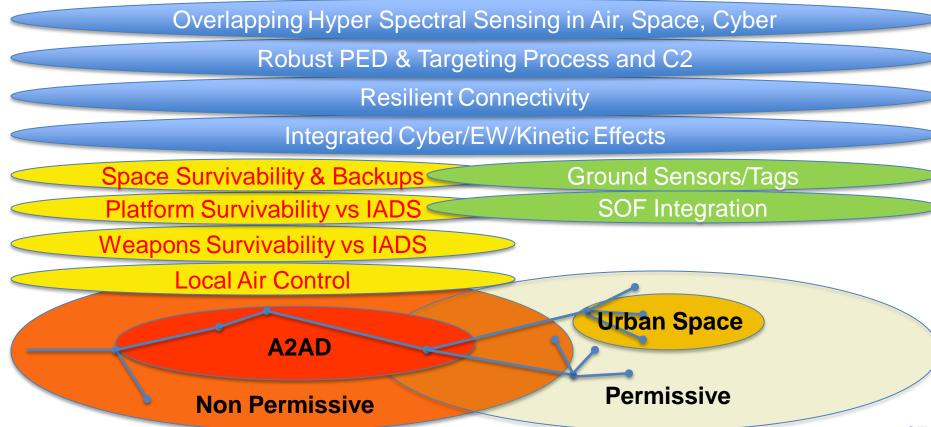
- Growing Anti-Access/Area-Denial
- Precision proliferates; threatens bases and power projection
- Datafighting in cyber intensifies
- Nuclear proliferation continues
- Bio most threatening, cost-effective weapon



...And growing threats from non-state actors worldwide

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Key Task: Credibly demonstrate the ability to maintain sensor and weapons density at range over time...strategically and operationally relevant capabilities flow from this task



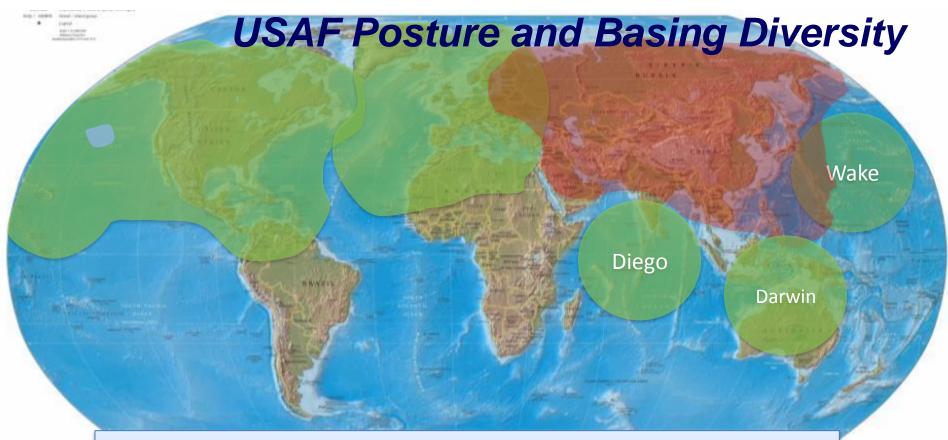
Shifting First Question for Policymakers: Where Are The Tankers?

Limit: 1500 NM Combat Radius Refueled in Permissive Airspace

- Tanker bases tend to be forward
- Tend to stack operational bases during crisis
- Current assumption: USAF can rapidly set tankers in place





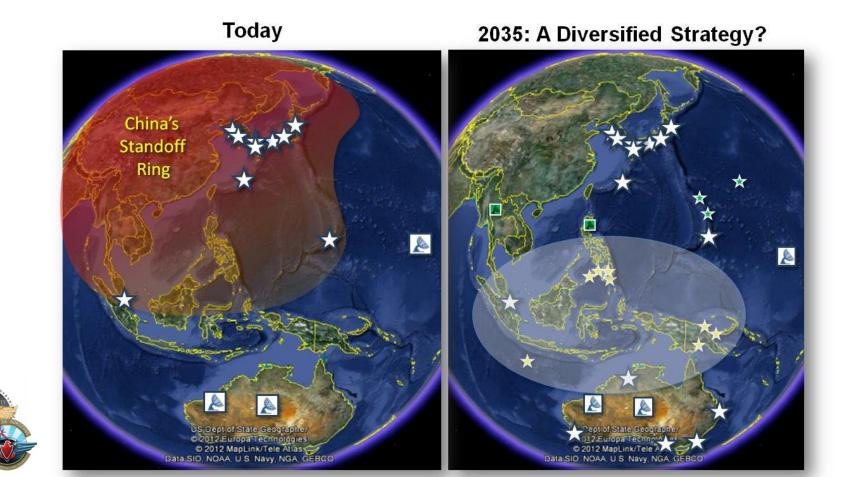


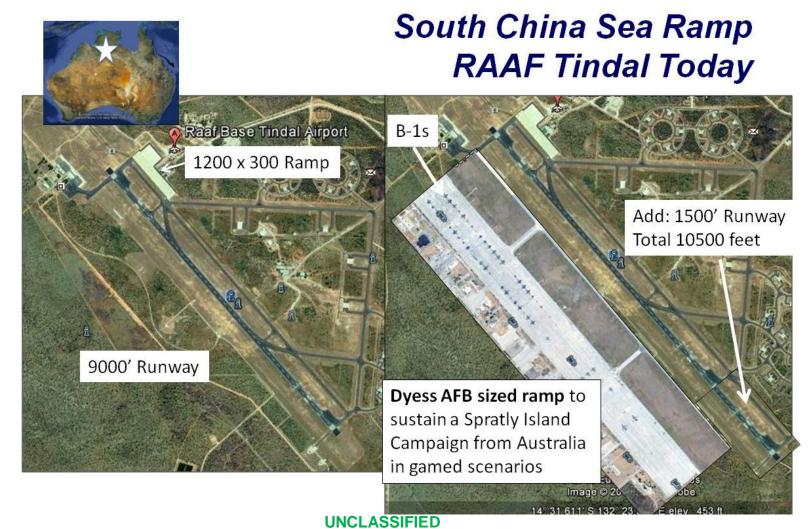
A2AD or loss of diplomatic access could severely limit US operations in most the unstable regions



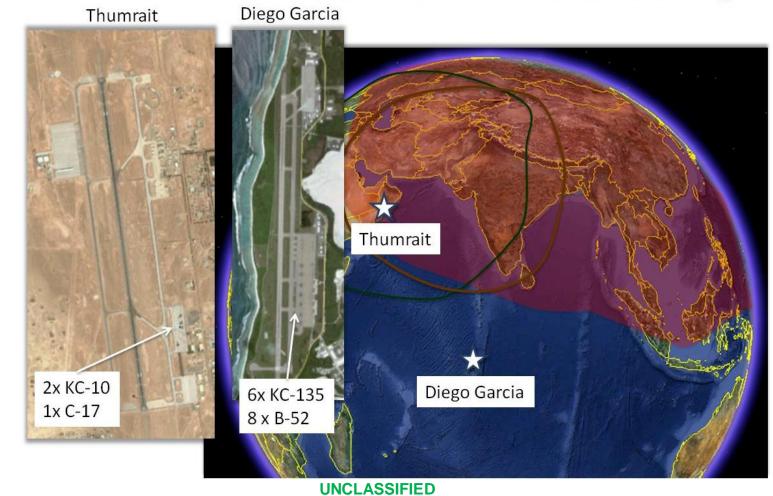
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SE and NE Asia Operating Locations

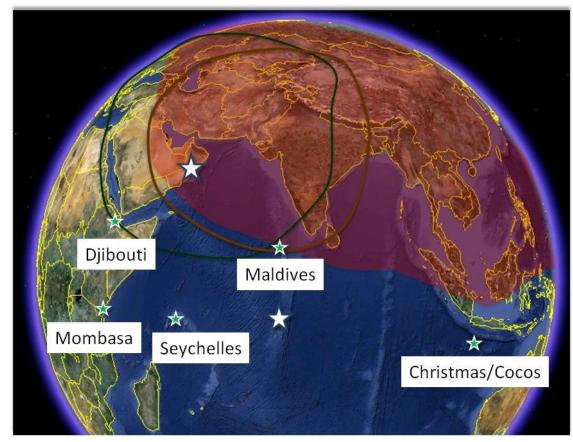




Indian Ocean Tanker Basing



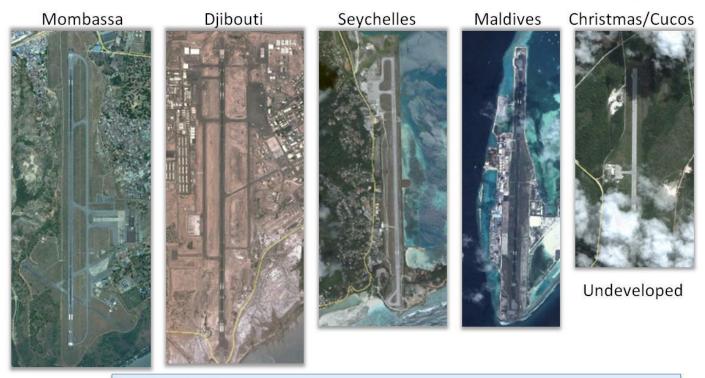
Indian Ocean Tanker Basing





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Indian Ocean Ramp?





USAF should advocate for whole of government approaches to increase ramp space/develop runways at strategically important airfields

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C-17s Deliver Counter Air Pickets W/passive IRSTS B-2 Loaded With 32x Pac-2 Strike B-2 Comm Gateway

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Formation Crosses Radar Horizon

Enemy Fighter Commit

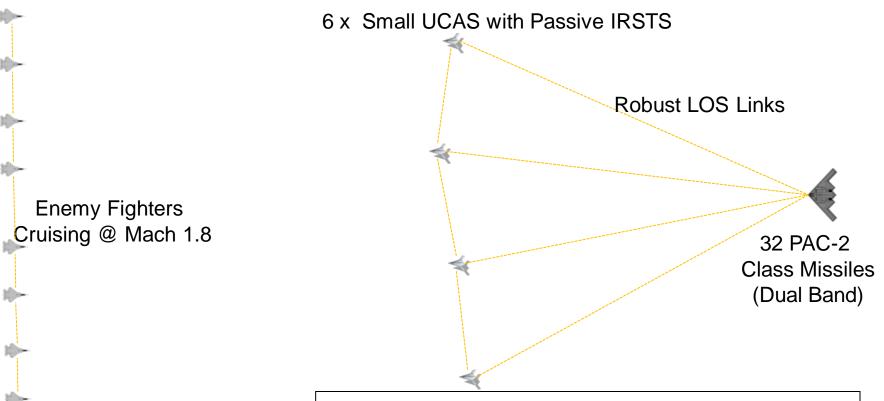
B-1s Join With JASSM and Hypersonics

> ☐ 2 12 Cnes Spot Image Image & S. Ges Sgical Survey Image © 2012 TerraMetrics T Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO

Submarines Launch Decoys, Loitering gateway UAV, ISR missiles to locate SAMs Enemy Fighters Detected ISR Pickets Gateways link B-1s/B-1 and sub weapons deconflicted

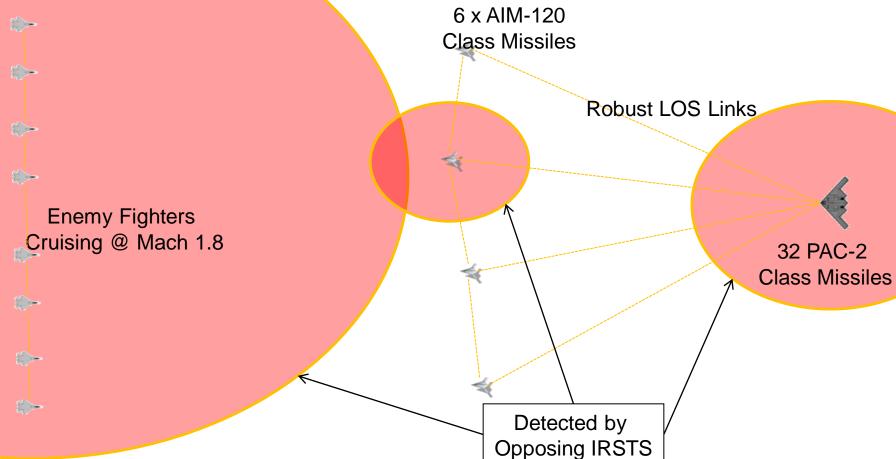
> © 2012 Cnes Spot Image Image U.S. Geological Survey Image © 2012 TerraMetrics Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO

Potential Concept of Operations



Note: Air mobility aircraft & submarines could be integrated as shooters or to launch UCAS





Potential Concept of Operations

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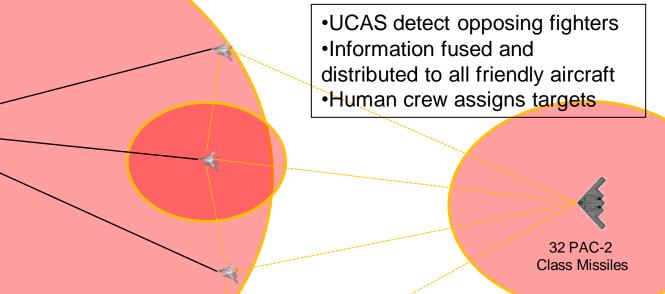
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Potential Concept of Operations

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